

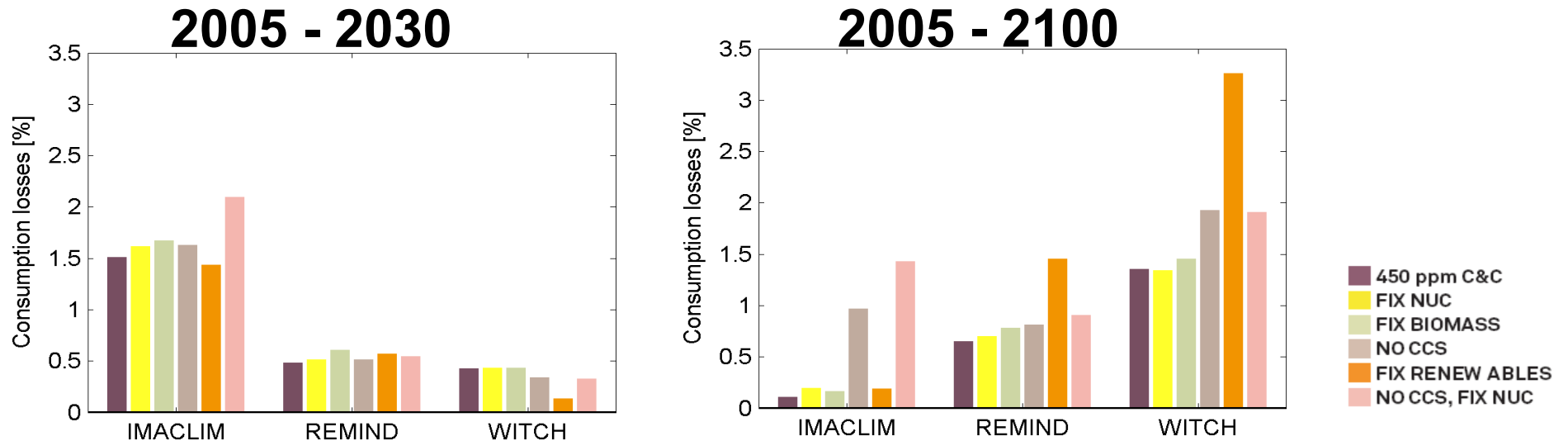
R&D investments are needed, but on what technology??



Cat always lands on her feet.



RECIPE: Technologies: Option Values



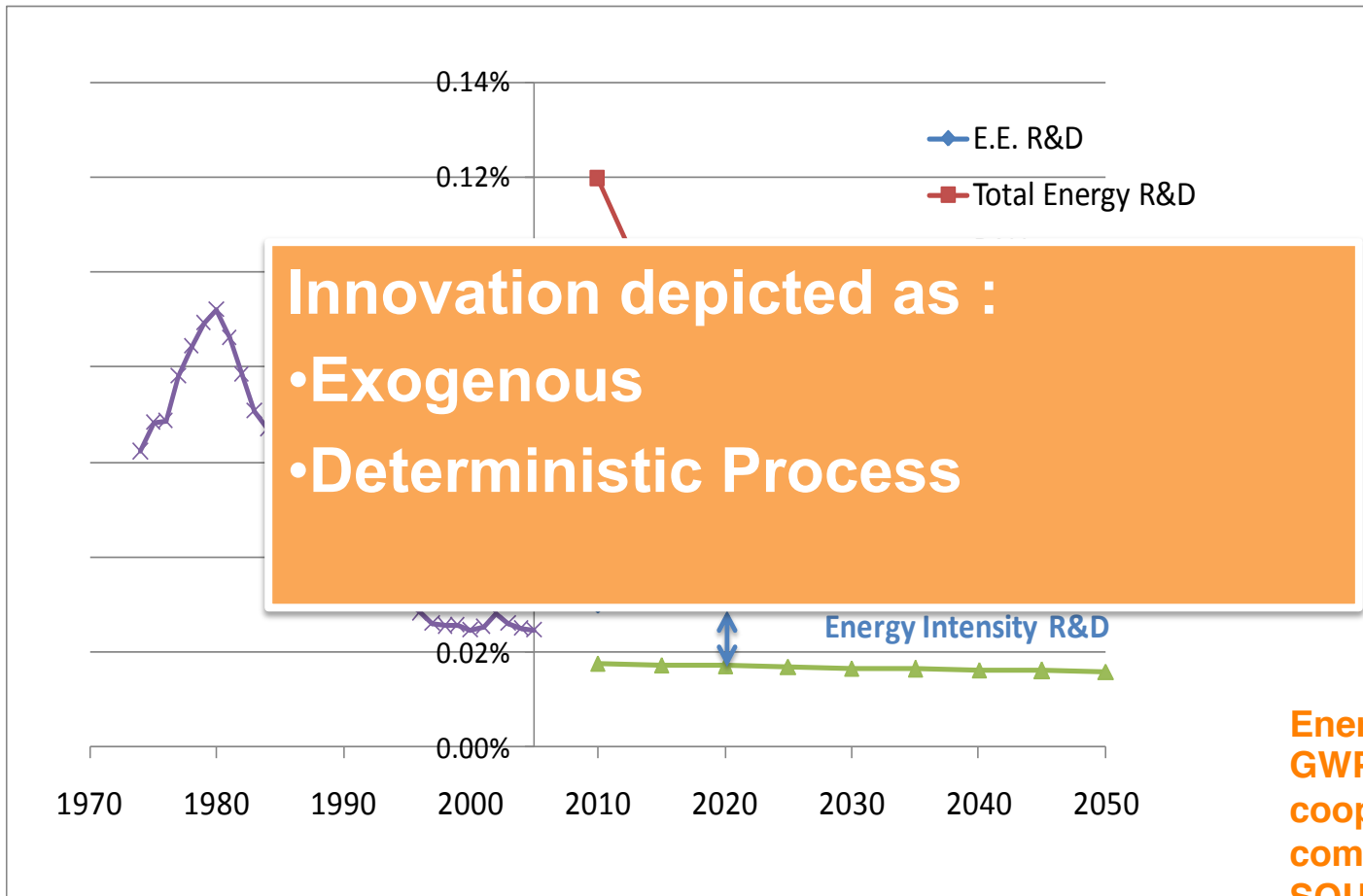
Renewables and CCS have the highest option values, nuclear and biomass play less important roles

Renewables pay off in the long run due to learning effects

Energy efficiency becomes more important if some technologies are not available

Broad technology portfolio minimizes risks

Optimal Energy R&D investments to stabilize climate

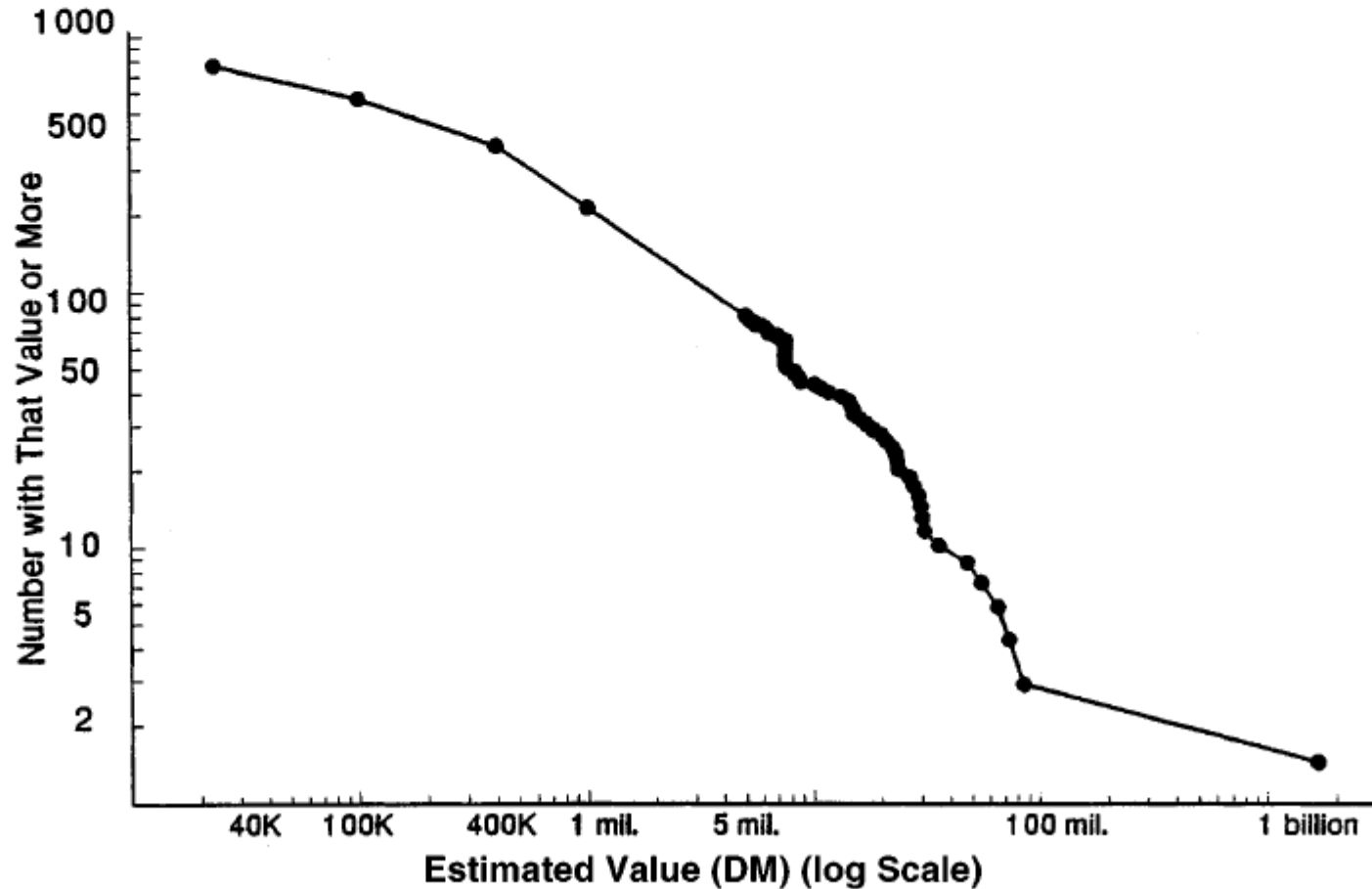


Energy R&D investments (as shares of GWP) in the baseline and in climate cooperation scenario (450 ppm CO₂), compared with historical figures.
SOURCE: WITCH model

- R&D Effectiveness and deep uncertainty



Plot of German renewed patent values on Pareto coordinates



Uncertainty and the size distribution of rewards from innovation
F. M. Scherer, Dietmar Harhoff and Jörg Kukies
Evo.lutionary Economics Vol 10



Using Expert Judgments

- R&D Effectiveness and deep uncertainty
- Analysis of Patent data: R&D programs are often not reproducible.



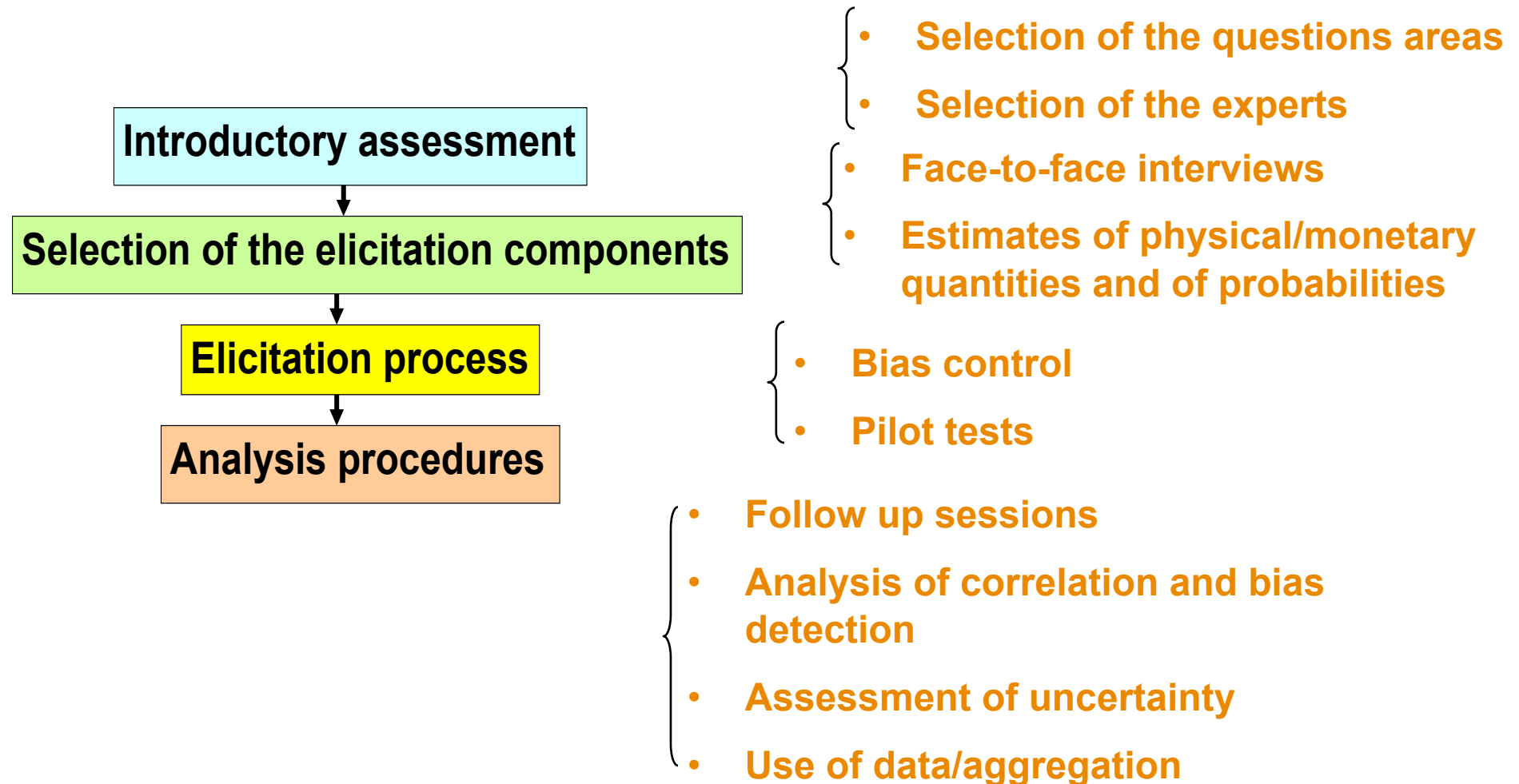


"Thank God! A panel of experts!"

Using Expert Judgments

- R&D Effectiveness and deep uncertainty
- Analysis of Patent data /R&D programs are often non reproducible.
- CONS: Experts Biases (Tversky, Kahneman),
representativeness, anchoring, availability, affect
- PRO: Intuition: recognition of patterns stored in memory (Herbert Simon)
- Compromise: Elicitation Protocols





Technologies Surveyed so Far



Biofuels for transportation



Storage for transportation (EDV)



Solar technologies (PV and CSP)



Nuclear (with Harvard)



Bioenergy

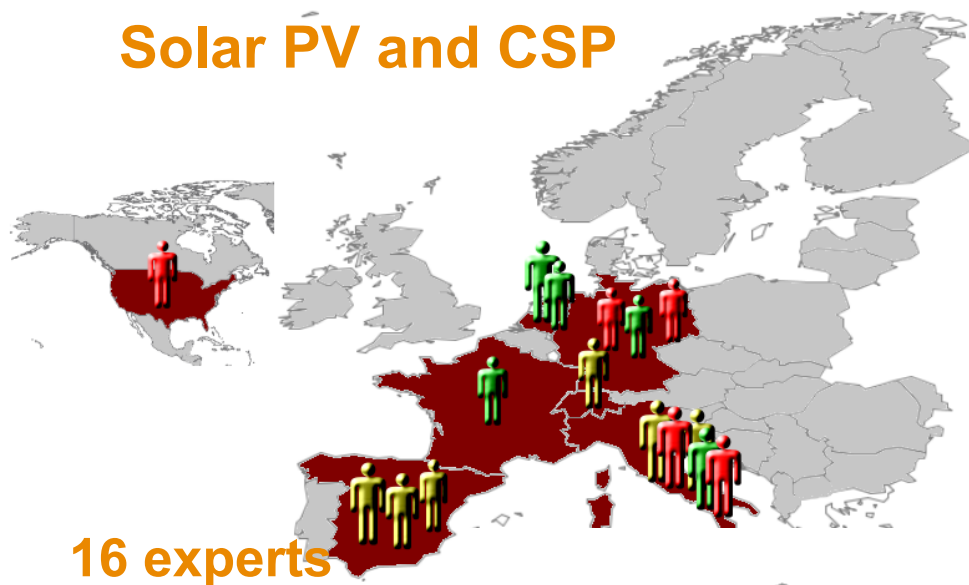


CCS (with University of Massachusetts)

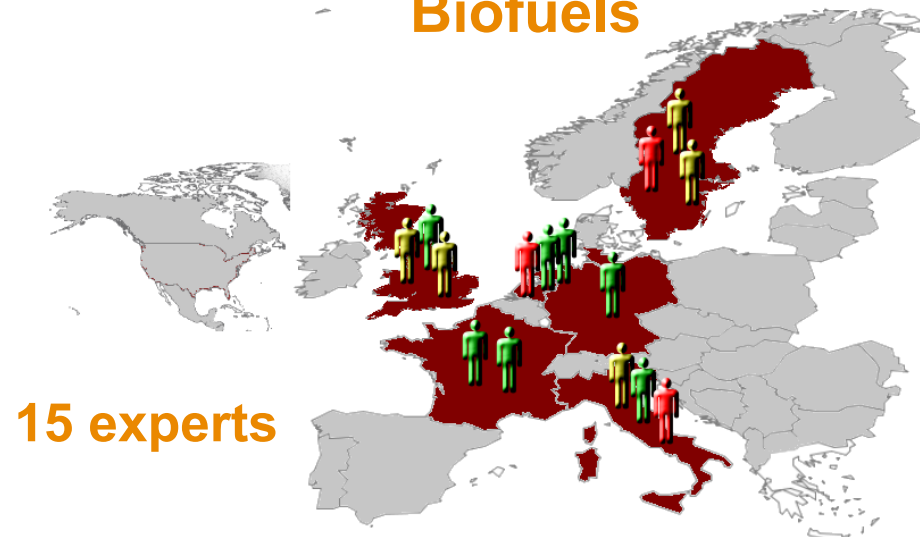


Example of Panel Composition

Solar PV and CSP

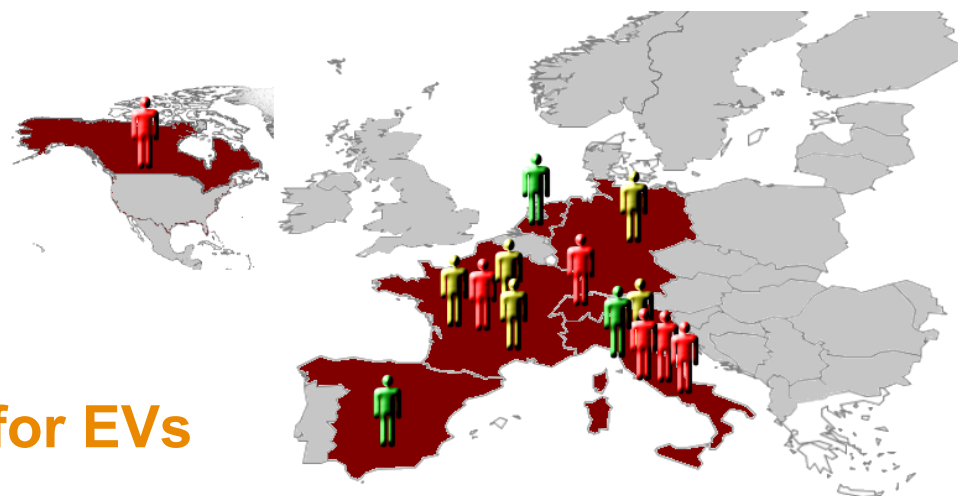





Biofuels



Batteries for EVs

15 experts



-  Institution
-  Academy
-  Private sector



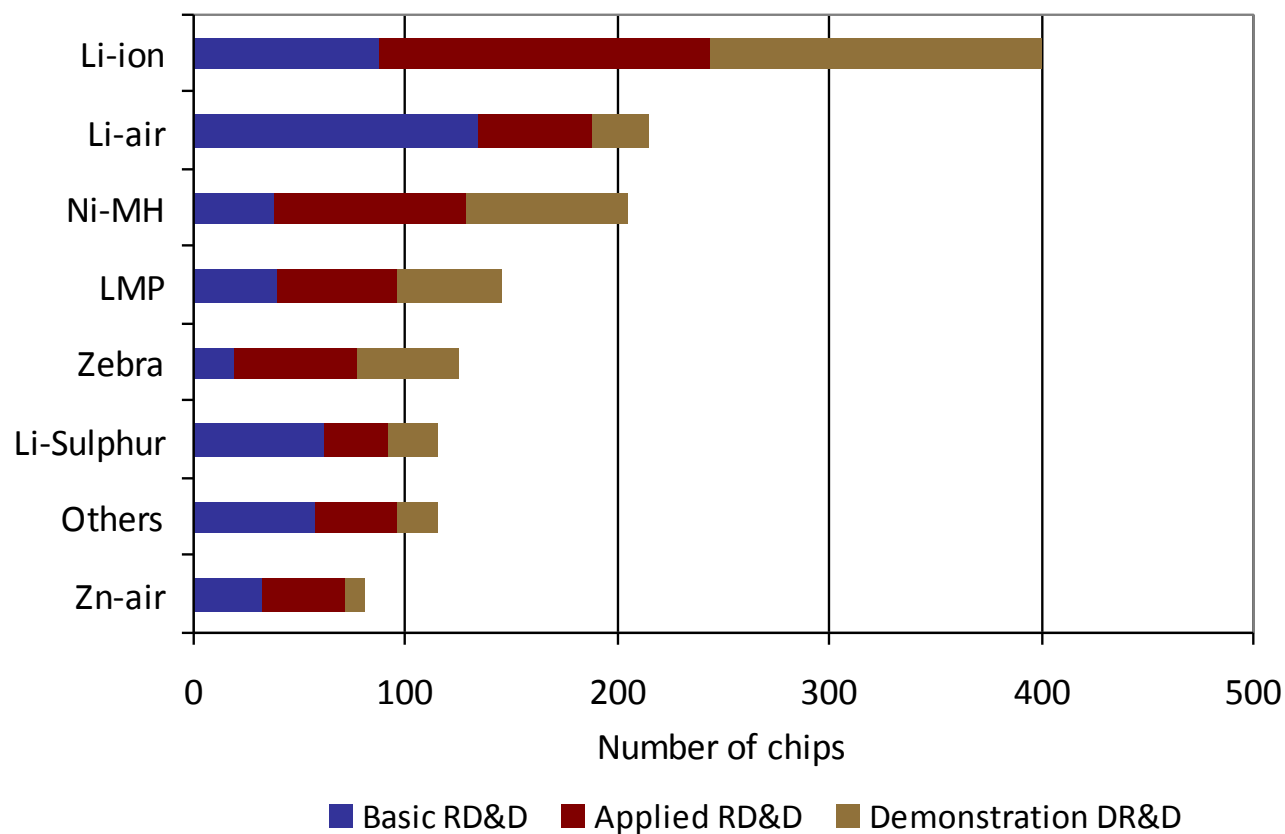
What do we survey?

- How much and what type of R&D
- What is the cost of the technology going to be in 2030 (under specified circumstances and different levels of R&D expenditures)
- How fast is the diffusion going to be? Are there going to be upper limits?





An example : Batteries for EDV



Sum of the RD&D allocated by all experts among different technologies and budget breakdown among basic, applied and demonstration RD&D.



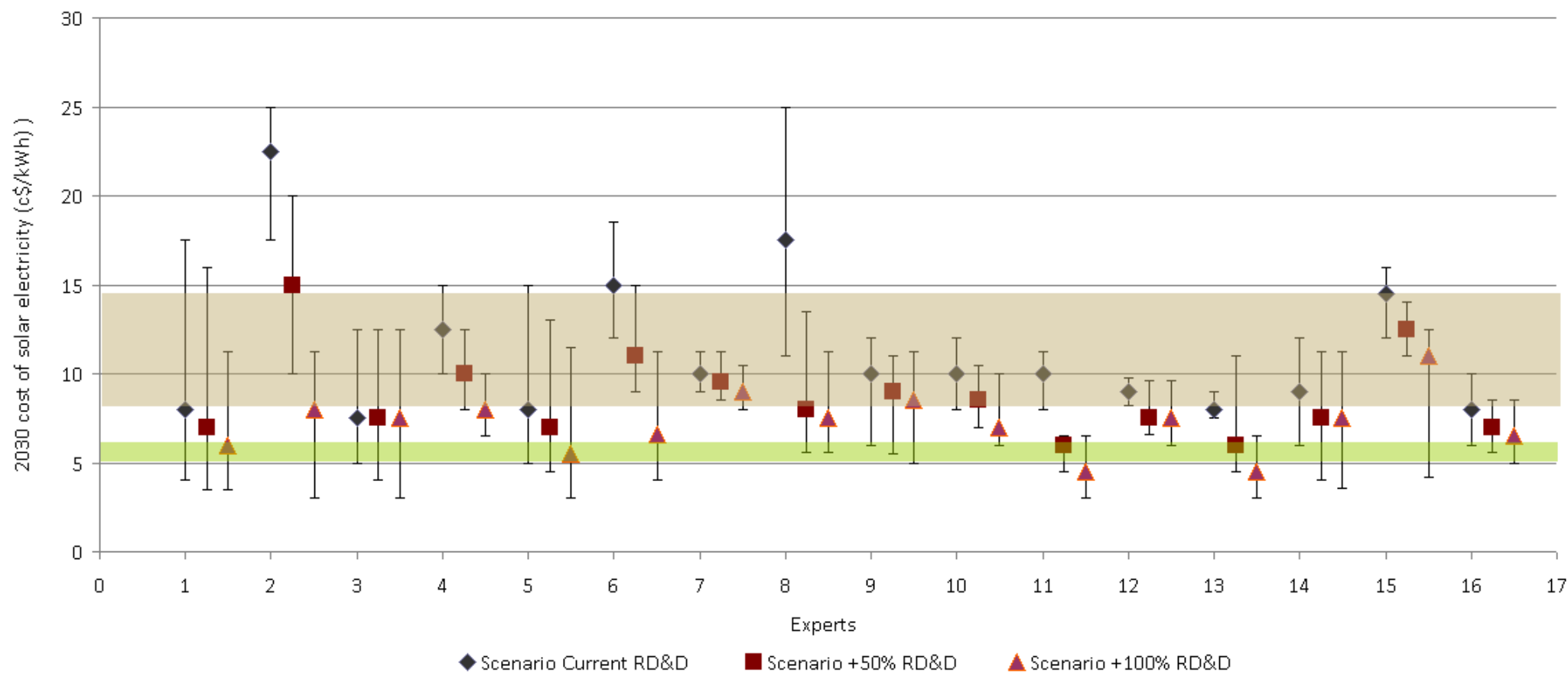
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Solar Technologies (2030 Cost conditional on R&D budgets)



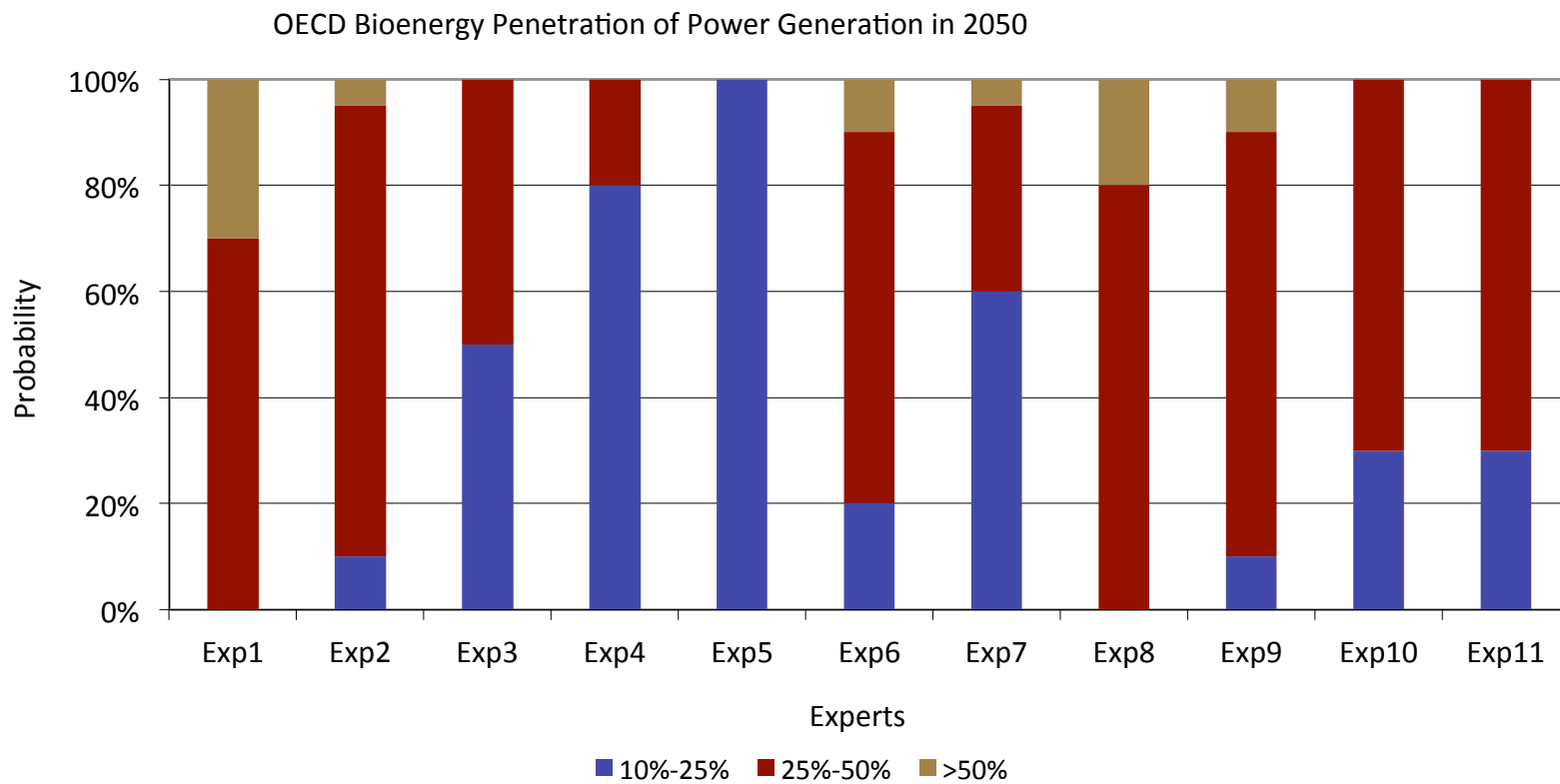
What do we survey?

- How much and what type of R&D
- What is the cost of the technology going to be in 2030 (under specified circumstances and different levels of R&D expenditures)
- How fast is the diffusion going to be? Are there going to be upper limits? What are the key factors?



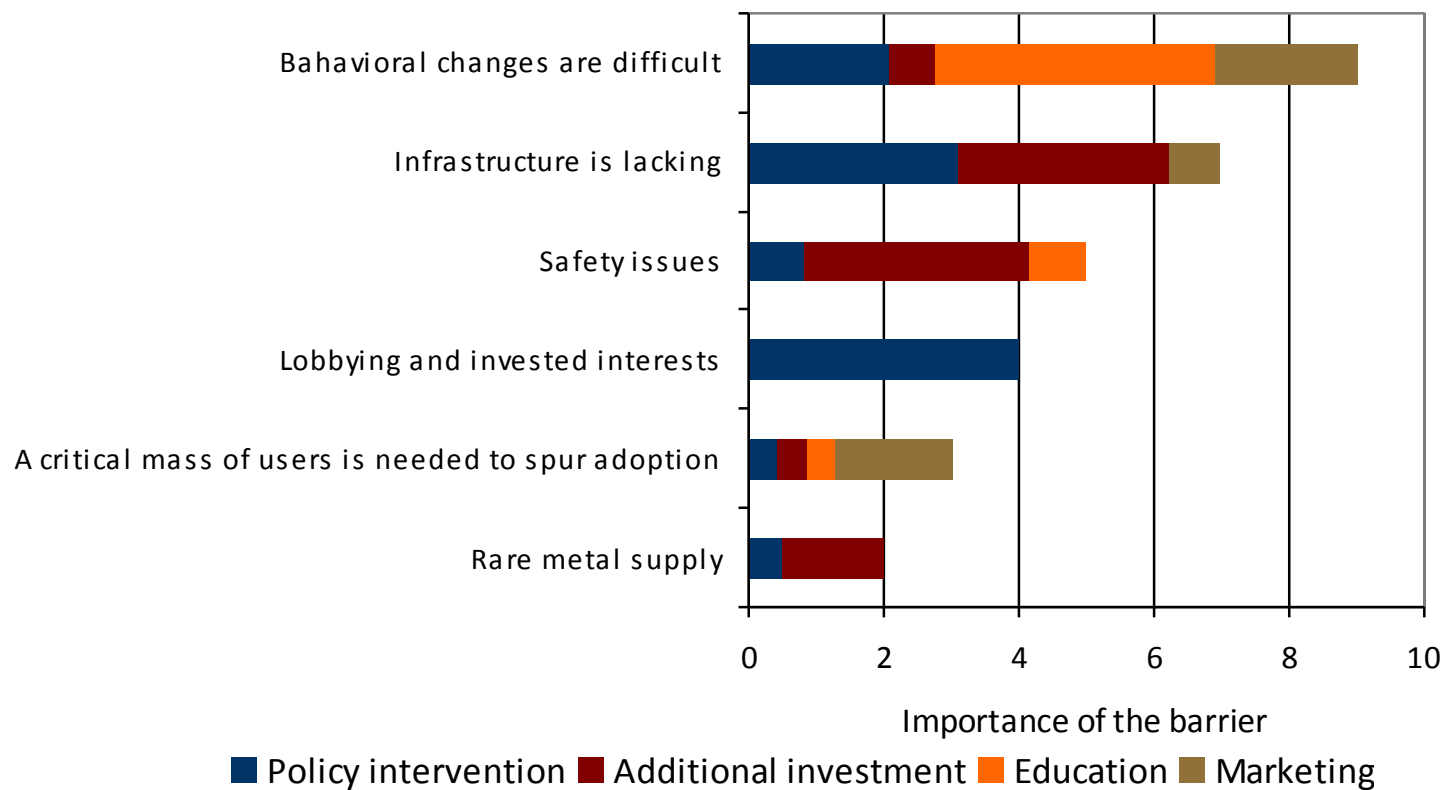


Example: Bioenergy Power





Example: Batteries for EDV



Factors which could represent non-technical barriers to the diffusion of EDVs and potential solutions to overcome the barriers. The importance of the barrier is given by the number of experts who indicated the barriers with maximum importance.



What is the optimal energy RD&D portfolio?

Coupling :

- Better empirical understanding of the innovation process
- Information on probabilities of breakthroughs and diffusion scenarios

we can model the problem of the optimal RD&D portfolio in a coherent and complete fashion;

provide input to other Integrated Assessment Models.

More info on :

www.icarus-project.org





Thanks



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